# Multi-instrument fitting with Gammapy



- \* Frequently, one needs to fit data from multiple instruments together
  - Broadband SED modelling
  - \* Fermi-LAT + IACT modelling
  - \* Multiple IACTs
- Traditionally:
  - \* Extract flux points ("DL5"), fit fluxes from different instruments
  - Cons: •
    - Cannot take instrumental systematics into account
    - Dependence on how fluxes were extracted
    - \* Difficult to take upper limits into account



Abdo et al, 2011

#### Joint likelihood

- Simultaneous fitting of various
- Likelihood evaluated per dataset, individual likelihoods combined to get global likelihood

Lon

**True Energy** 

Flux

- May come from the same or different instruments
- Possible to combine DL4 and DL5 data





#### Multi instrument analysis

- \* A Spectral Fit combining different types of data
  - \* Fermi-LAT DL4 data full 3D analysis, 7yrs of data
  - \* MAGIC DL3 data point like 1D spectral analysis 40 mins of data
  - \* VERITAS DL3 data point like 1D spectral analysis 40 mins of data
  - \* FACT point like 1D spectral analysis, 10.3 hrs of data
  - \* H.E.S.S. full containment 3D analysis, 2 hrs of data

Better constrain on parameters





https://arxiv.org/pdf/1903.06621



#### Instrumental systematics

\* A modified likelihood with systematics on the energy scale \* Directly obtain statistical error on the parameters  $\frac{\mathrm{d}\tilde{\phi}}{\mathrm{d}\tilde{E}} = \frac{\mathrm{d}\phi}{\mathrm{d}E}\frac{\mathrm{d}E}{\mathrm{d}\tilde{E}} = \phi_0 \left(\frac{E/(1+z)}{E_0}\right)^{-\Gamma+\beta\log_{10}\left(\frac{E/(1+z)}{E_0}\right)} \left(\frac{1}{1+z}\right)$ 



$$z_i = \frac{\tilde{E} - E}{E} = \frac{\tilde{E}}{E} - 1$$

#### Constrain extensions

- Joint Fermi-LAT H.E.S.S. analysis used to constrain the extension of the Crab Nebula
  - Probe structures to understand the underlying mechanisms







# Directly fit physical models

- \* Directly fit physical models to the data
  - In-built gammapy wrapper around naima routines
  - Underlying fitting API for agnpy and JetSet





### Analysis of non-pointing instruments Fermi-LAT, HAWC, etc

https://docs.gammapy.org/1.2/tutorials/data/fermi\_lat.html#sphx-glr-tutorials-data-fermi-lat-py

https://docs.gammapy.org/1.2/tutorials/data/hawc.html#sphx-glr-tutorials-data-hawc-py

## Fermi-LAT with Gammapy

- \* Analysis starts from DL4 data levels:
  - \* After binning and reproduction
- \* Once you have a DL4 product "Dataset", modelling and and fitting proceeds as before
- Bonus: Simulating datasets
- \* Note: Fermi-LAT analysis is always 3D



# HAWC with Gammapy

- \* TLDR: You CAN, but its not straight forward
- \* Events: DL3 level
- \* IRFs: DL4 level
- \* Joint analysis for different fHit bins
- \* Background and exposure calculated per transit for a source

\* Correct by the number of transits per source computed from the GTIs

# X-ray with Gammapy

- X ray data are similar to gamma rays : list of photons + responses
- 1D analysis (spectral only) is almost straightforward
- Prototype analysis for X-ray data from XMM Newton on HESS J1702-420 (<u>https://</u> zenodo.org/records/7092736)
- Ongoing tests for 3D analysis
- Can be extended down to Swift UVOT

# Beyond photons... GADF to VODF

**ASTRI -** Astronomia a Specchi a Technologica Replicante Italiana, (IACT telescope)

CTAO - Cherenkov Telescope Array Observatory (IACT observatory)

**FACT** - First APD Cherenkov Telescope (IACT telescope)

**H.E.S.S.** - High Energy Stereoscopic System (IACT Array)

MAGIC - Major Atmospheric Gamma-ray Imaging Cherenkov telescope (IACT array)

VERITAS - Very High Energy Radiation Telescope Array System (IACT array)



Pointing

γ-ray

Fermi-LAT - Large Area Telescope on the Fermi Space Telescope (High-energy Space Observatory)

Slewing γ-ray instruments

Neutrino detectors HAWC - High-Energy Water Cherenkov telescope (WCT)



**SWGO** - Southern Wide-Field Gamma-Ray Observatory (WCT)

IceCube - Neutrino Observatory

**KM3NeT** - The Cubic Kilometre Neutrino Telescope (neutrino telescope)





# One tool to fit them all (And in the gamma-ray darkness bind them)



Joint fitting with a physical model