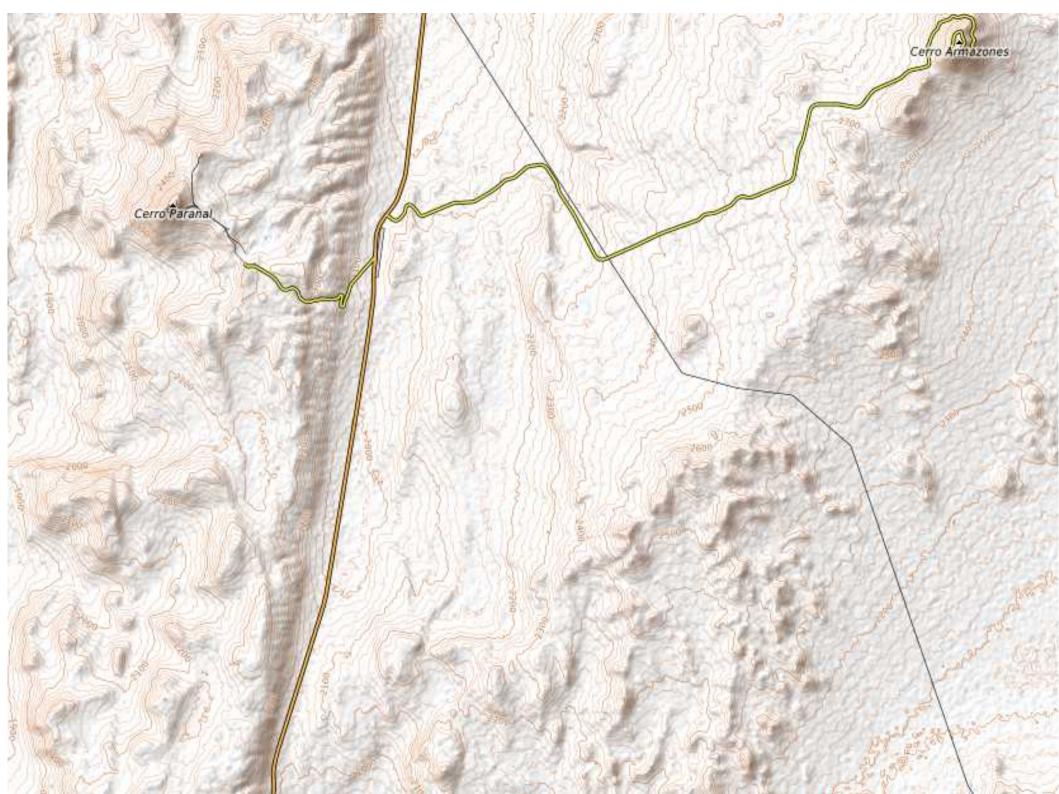
## Armazones 2k climatology

**Tomek Bulik** 



## What do we know

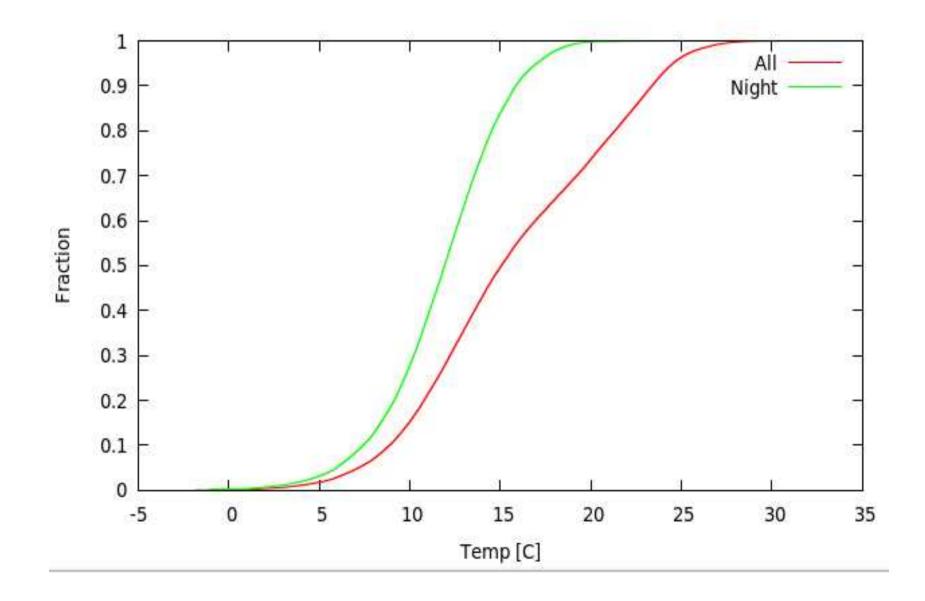
- Armazones: Atmoscope
- Armazones 2k:
  - Atmoscope like stations since May2015
  - November 2015:
    - 30 meter weather tower
    - ASC
    - Sun Moon photometer
    - Seismometer

#### 10 meter station results

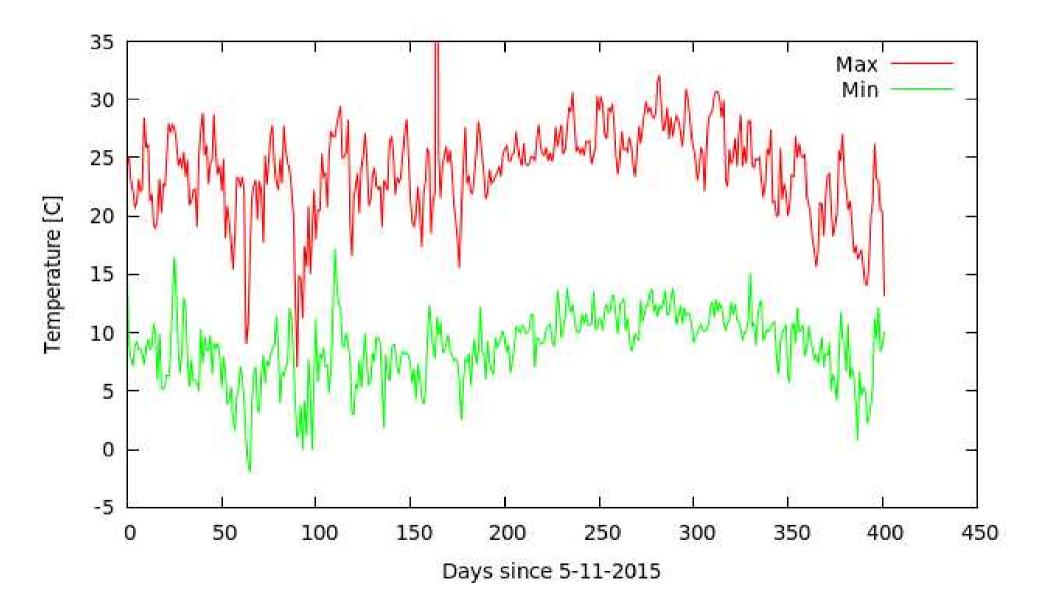
- Temperature
- Humidity
- Wind



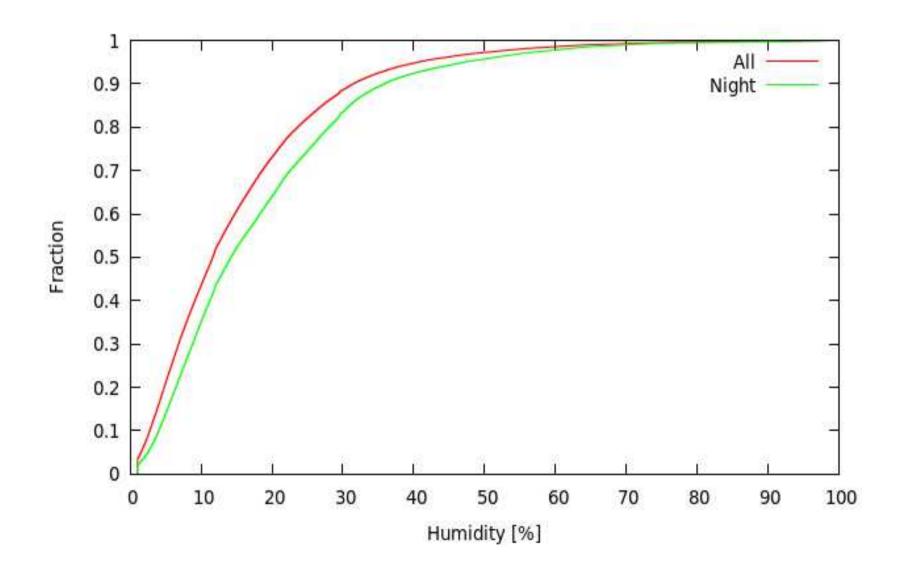
#### **Temperature distribution**



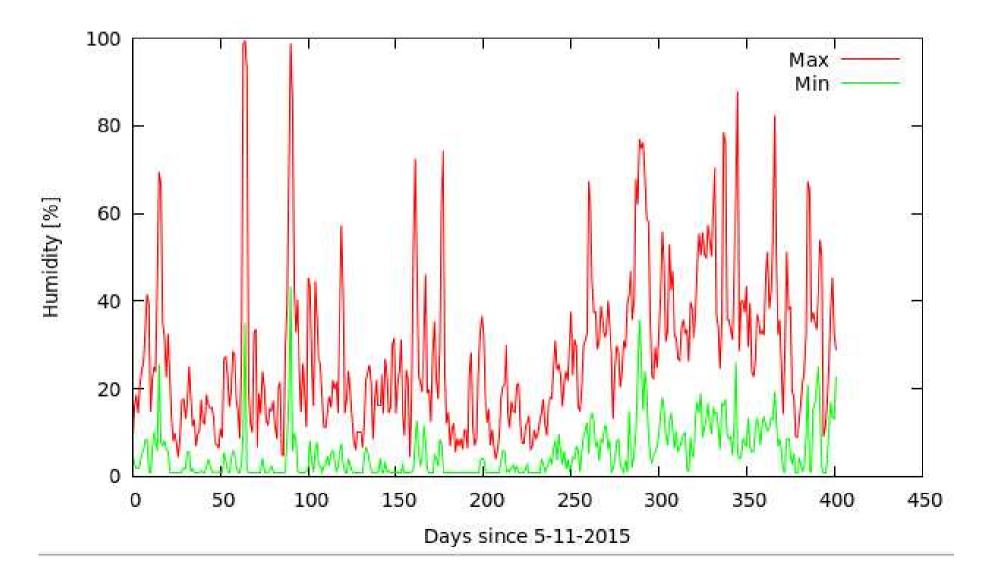
#### **Temperature extremes**



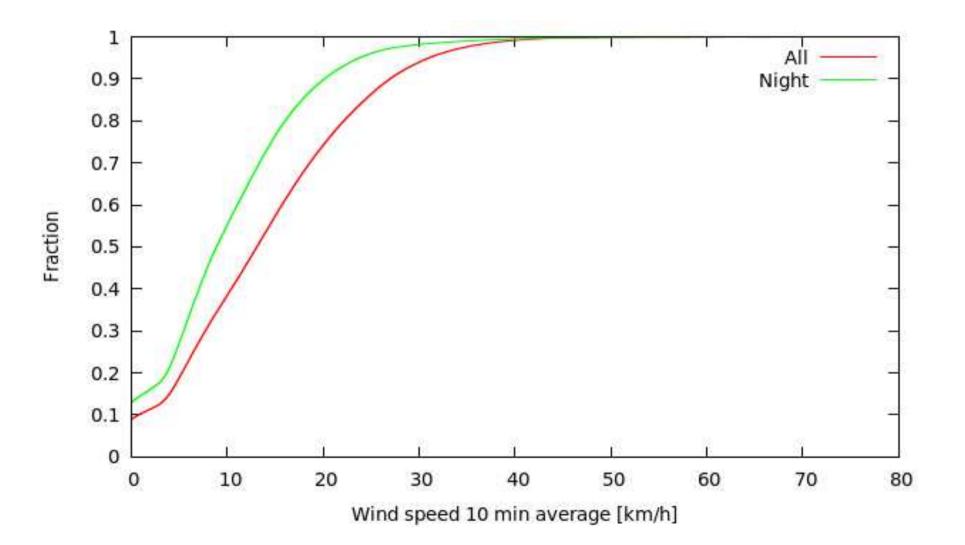
## Humidity distribution



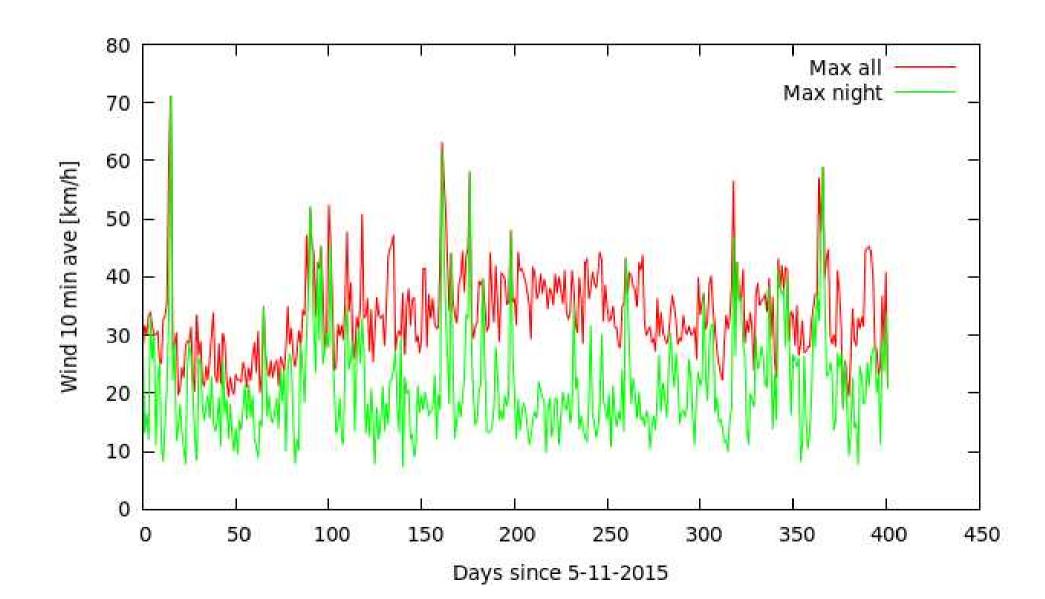
#### Humidity extreme



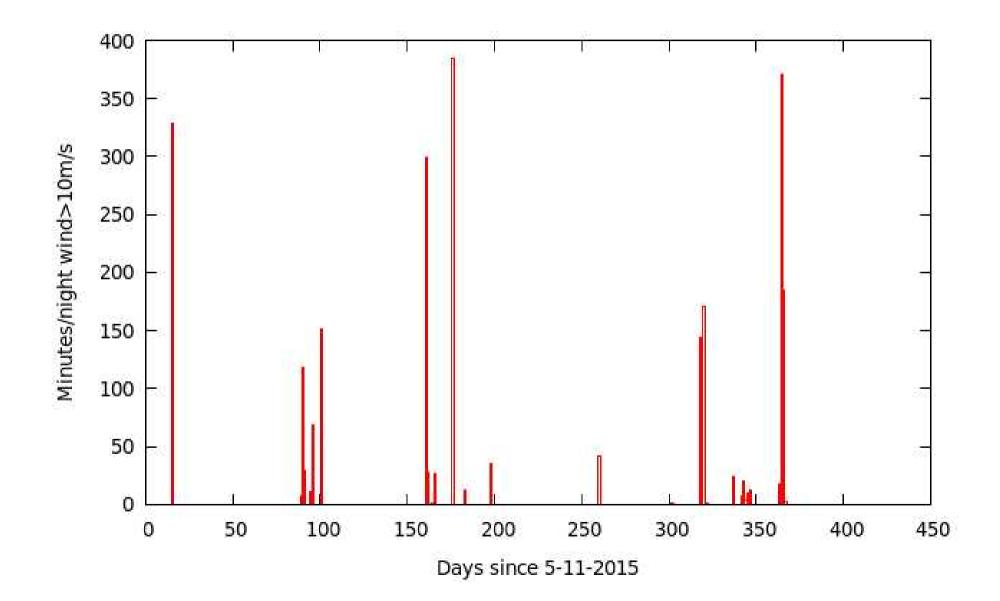
#### Wind distribution



#### Wind extremes

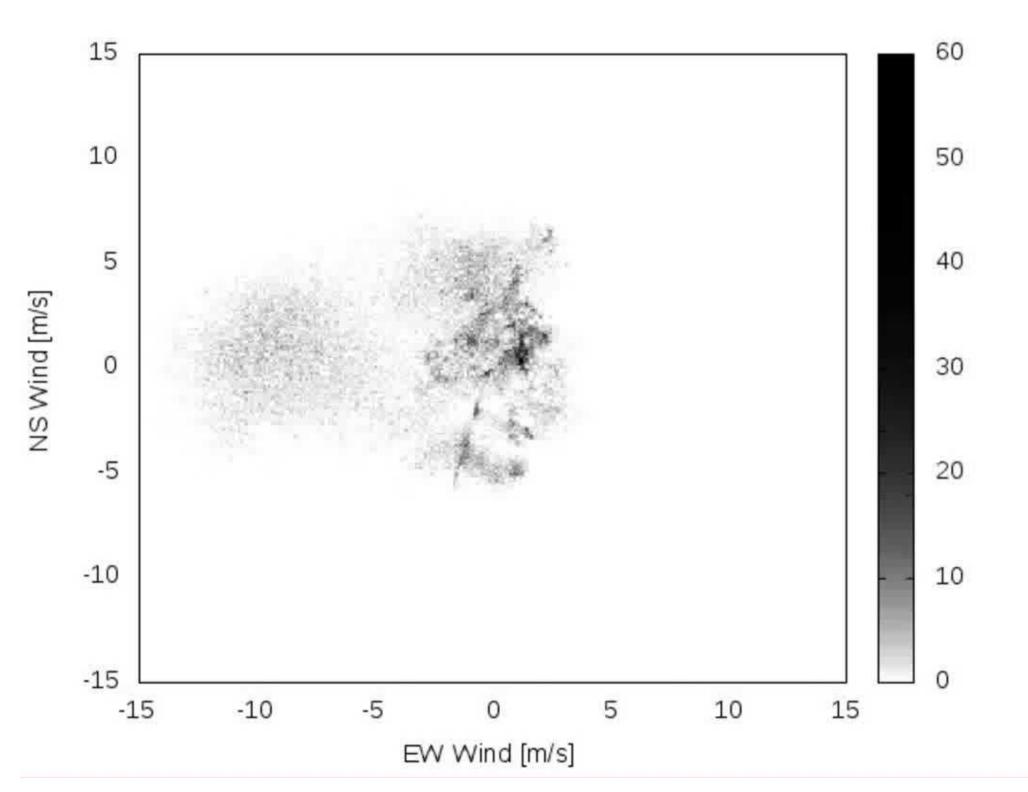


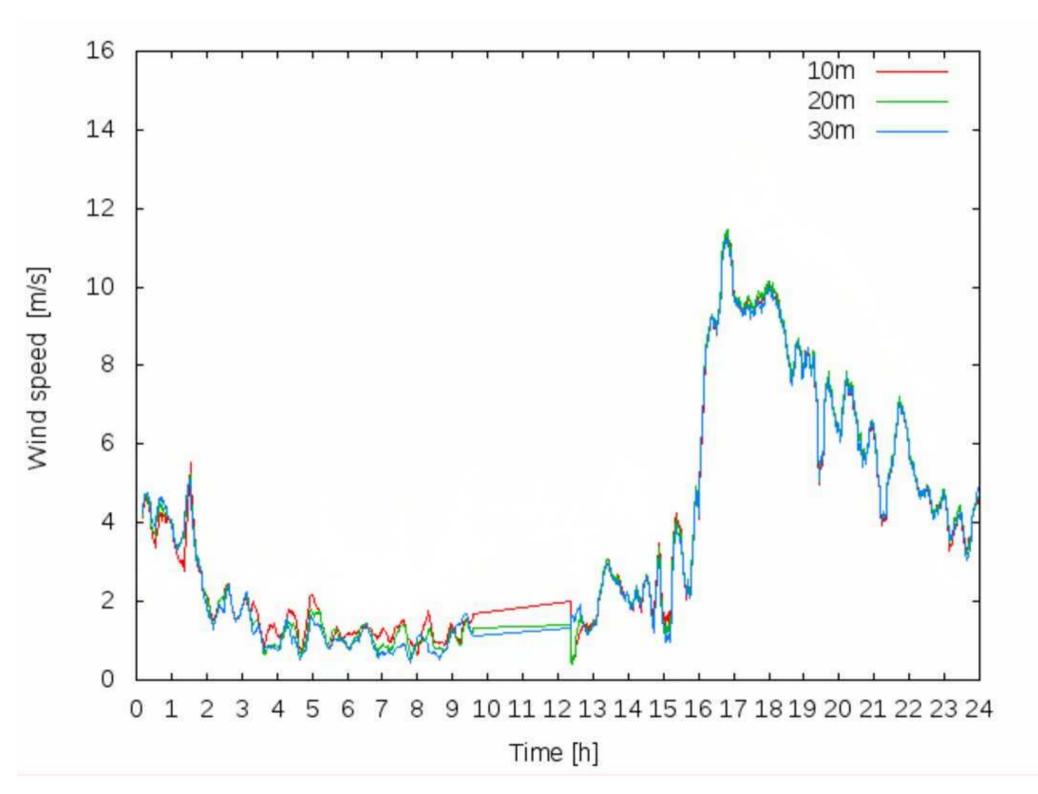
### Distribution of strong wind time

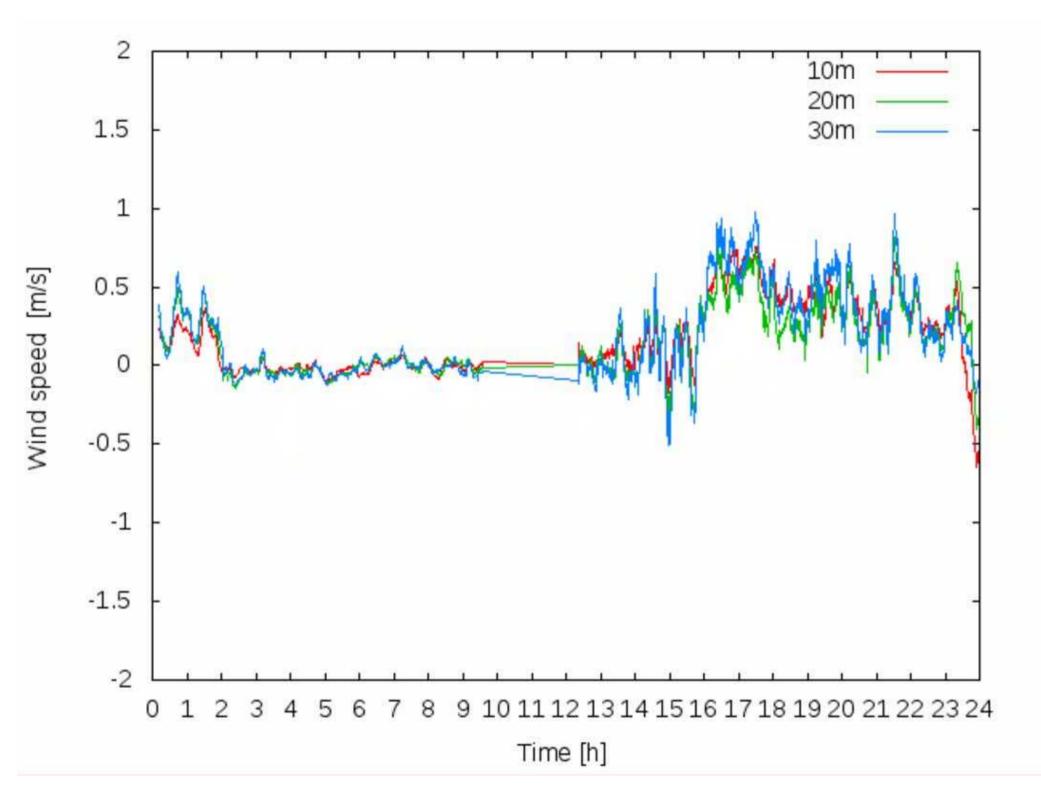


## Data from 30 meter tower

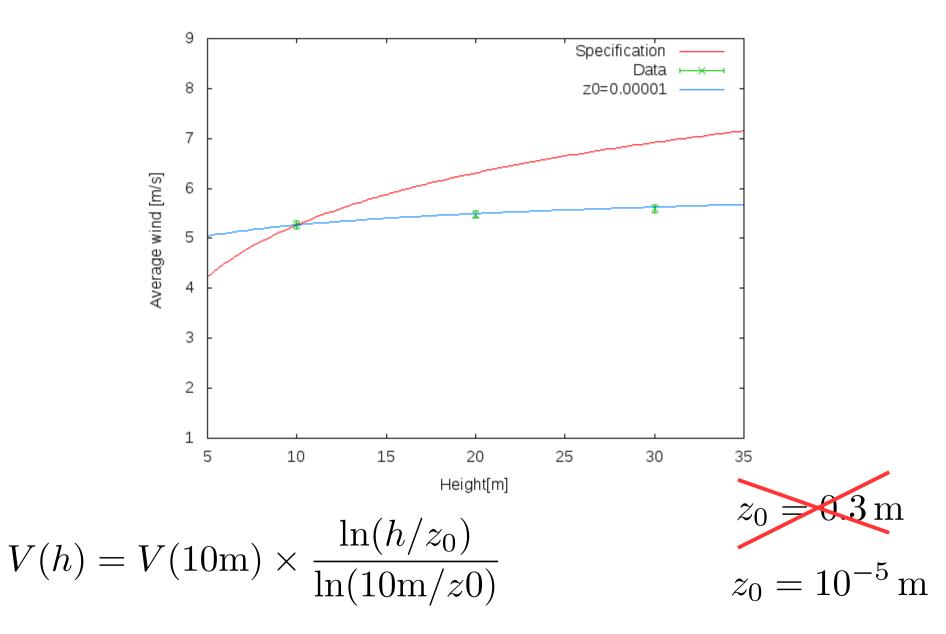
- Wind profile
- Wind turbulence



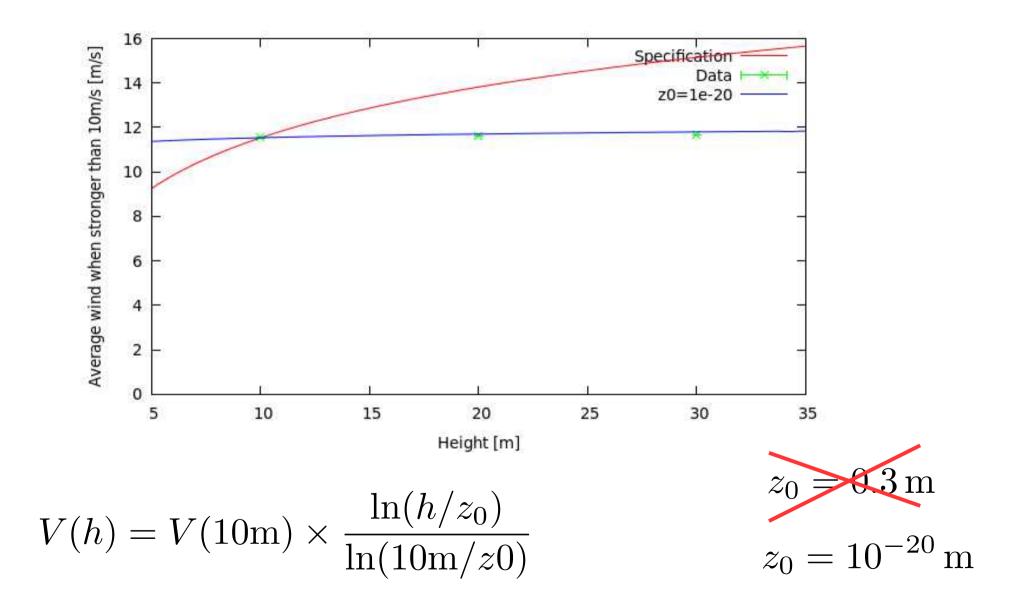




## Wind profile



### Wind profile for strong winds



#### Wind power spectrum

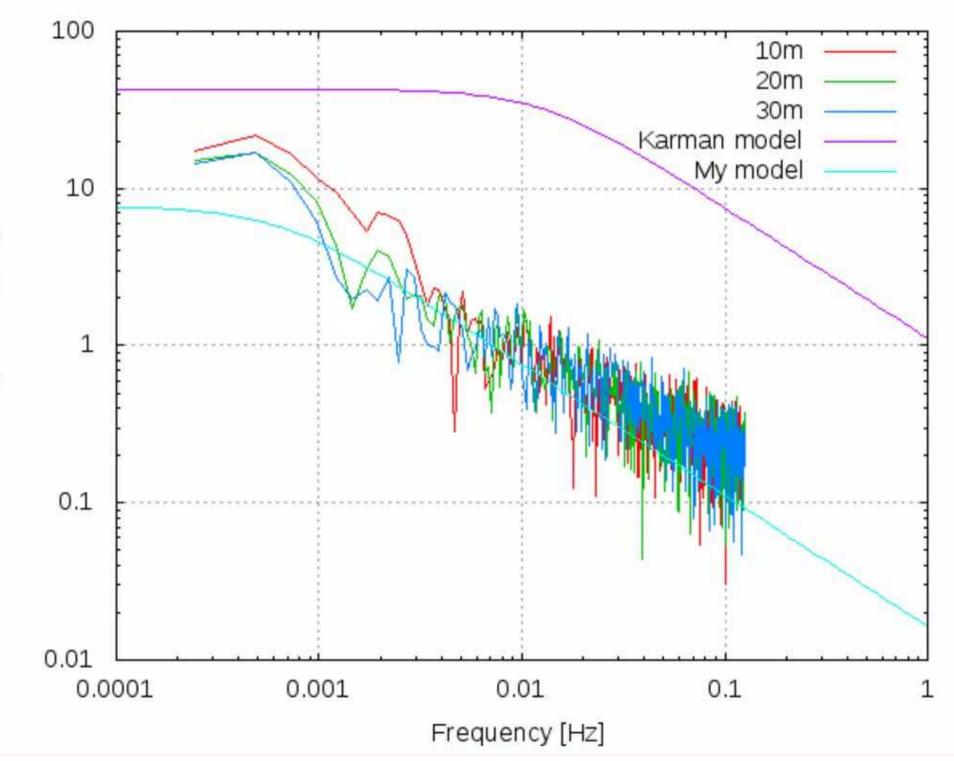
$$s(f) = (IU)^2 \frac{4L/U}{(1+70.8(fL/U)^2)^{5/6}}$$

Specification (Karman model)

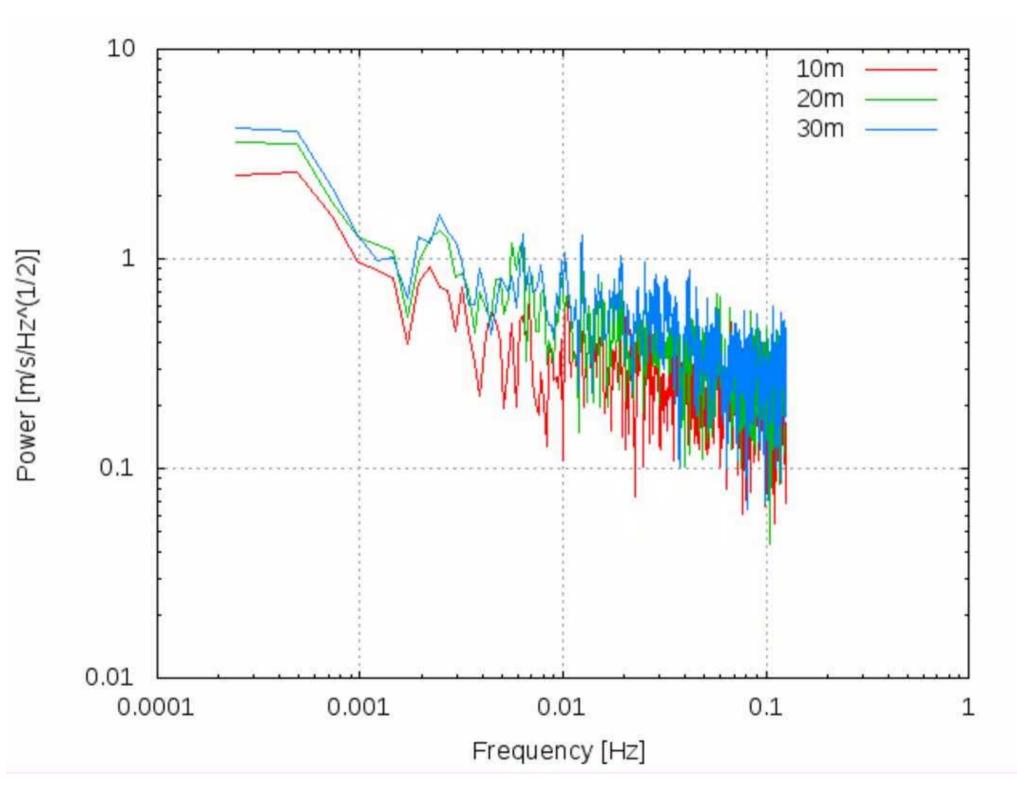
$$I = 0.25$$
  $L = 50m$  Wrong!

My model – roughly fitting data.

I = 0.01 L = 1000m



Power [m/s/Hz^(1/2)]



## Wind conclusions

- Wind profile nearly flat: the air moves at nearly the same speed at all heights
- Wind power spectrum much flatter than assumed for construction
- Probably the observation state requirement can be relaxed, and the observation time will be increased

# Summary

- Temprature is within operating range
- Humidity is typically low but not a big problem
- Strong wind episodes but the observing condition can likely be relaxed
- Still analyzing seismic data

#### Next steps

- Revive the ASC complex power
- Move the 30 meter tower to the actual LST location

